CLAIM AMENDMENTS

Claim Amendment Summary

Claims pending

· Before this Amendment: Claims 1-31.

• After this Amendment: Claims 1-31

Non-Elected, Canceled, or Withdrawn claims: none

Amended claims: 3-7, 10, 12, 20, 23, and 28-31

New claims: none

Claims:

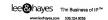
1. (Original) A method for generating an installation file for a particular version of a relational database comprising:

automatically determining a first set of data definition language (DDL) scripts associated with the particular version of the relational database;

automatically determining a second set of data manipulation language scripts associated with the particular version of the relational database; and generating an installation file comprising a union of the first set and the

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second set.



2. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1 wherein the particular version is associated with a first version in a sequence of one or more versions of the relational database.

3. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 2 claim 1 wherein the automatically determining a first set comprises extracting a filename from metadata associated with the first version, the filename associated with a file comprising a data definition language script.

4. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 2 claim 1 wherein the automatically determining a second set comprises extracting a filename from metadata associated with the first version, the filename associated with a file comprising a data manipulation language script.

5. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in elaim 2 claim 1 wherein the generating an installation file comprises copying a data definition language script from a script file associated with the first set into the installation file.

- **6.** (**Currently Amended**) The method as recited in <u>claim 2 claim 1</u> wherein the generating an installation file comprises copying a data manipulation language script from a script file associated with the second set into the installation file.
- **7.** (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 6 wherein the copying further comprises prepending a create command to the data manipulate-manipulation language script in the installation file.
- **8.** (**Original**) The method as recited in claim 1 wherein metadata exists that describes a sequence of multiple versions of the relational database where each version is an upgrade from a previous version, and the particular version is not a first version in the sequence.
- (Original) The method as recited in claim 8 wherein the metadata comprises an XML file.

10. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in claim 8 wherein

the automatically determining a first set comprises:

extracting a set A₁ comprising one or more filenames from metadata

associated with a first version in the sequence, the one or more filenames $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =$

associated with a file comprising a data definition language script associated with

the first version:

iteratively extracting a set A, comprising zero or more filenames from

metadata associated with an $\slash\hspace{-0.6em}^{h}$ version of the relational database, the zero or

more filenames each associated with a file comprising a data definition language

script to be executed when upgrading from version i1 of the relational database

to version i of the relational database, where i varies incrementally from 2 to j,

where the particular version is j; and

determining the first set as the union of sets A_1 , A_2 , ..., A_j .

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11. (Original) The method as recited in claim 8 wherein the

automatically determining a second set comprises:

extracting a set A₁ comprising one or more filenames from metadata

associated with a first version in the sequence, the one or more filenames

associated with a file comprising a data manipulation language (DML) script

associated with the first version:

iteratively extracting a set A_i comprising zero or more filenames from

metadata associated with an $f^{\rm h}$ version of the relational database, the zero or

more filenames each associated with a file comprising a DML script to be

executed to add or modify a DML object when upgrading from version i1 of the

relational database to version i of the relational database, where i varies

incrementally from 2 to j, where the particular version is j;

iteratively extracting a set B_i comprising zero or more filenames from

metadata associated with an I^{th} version of the relational database, the zero or

more filenames each associated with a file comprising a DML drop script to be

executed to drop a DML object when upgrading from version $\dot{F}1$ of the relational

database to version *i* of the relational database, where *i* varies incrementally

from 2 to j, where the particular version is j, and

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determining the second set C_i by determining:

$$C_2 = [A_1 \bigcup A_2] - B_2$$

$$C_3 = [C_2 [] A_3] - B_3$$

$$C_4 = [C_3 \bigcup A_4] - B_4$$

$$C_j = [C_{j+1} [J A_j] - B_j$$

12. (Currently Amended) One or more computer-readable media having computer-readable instructions <u>recorded</u> thereon which, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to implement the method as recited in claim 1.

13. (Original) A method for generating an upgrade file to upgrade version i of a relational database to version j of the relational database, where

j > i, the method comprising:

determining a set A of data definition language (DDL) scripts that, when

executed, perform creates, alters, and drops of DDL objects associated with

version \emph{i} of the relational database, resulting in DDL objects associated with

version j of the relational database;

determining a set B of data manipulation language (DML) scripts that,

when executed, create DML objects that are associated with version j of the

relational database, but that are not associated with version / of the relational

database:

determining a set C of DML scripts that, when executed, modify DML

objects that are associated with both version *i* and version *j* of the relational

database, but that differ between version i and version j of the relational

database;

determining a set D of DML drop scripts that, when executed, drop DML

objects that are associated with version \emph{i} of the relational database, but that are

not associated with version j of the relational database; and

generating an upgrade file comprising a union of sets A, B, C, and D

 $(A \bigcup B \bigcup C \bigcup D).$

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14. (Original) The method as recited in claim 13 wherein the determining a set A comprises:

iteratively extracting sets M_{kr} each comprising zero or more filenames from metadata associated with a k^{th} version of the relational database, where i < k <= j, the zero or more filenames each associated with a file comprising a data definition language script to be executed when upgrading from version k-1 of the relational database; and

determining the set A as the union of sets M_{H1} , M_{H2} , ..., M_{j} (A = M_{H1} \bigcup M_{H2} \bigcup ... \bigcup M_{j}).

15. (Original) The method as recited in claim 13 wherein the determining a set B comprises:

determining a set E of DML scripts that when executed:

perform alters of DML objects associated with version j and version j of the relational database, but that differ between version j of the relational database; and

perform creates of DML objects that are associated with version *j* of the relational database but that are not associated with version *i* of the relational database; and

determining set B as the difference between sets E and C (B = E - C).



16. (Original) The method as recited in claim 15 wherein the determining a set E comprises:

iteratively determining a set P_x of DML scripts that when executed will upgrade DML objects from version x-1 of the relational database to version x of the relational database, where x varies incrementally from i+1 to i;

iteratively determining a set N_x of DML scripts that when executed will drop DML objects that are associated with version x-1 of the relational database but that are not associated with version x of the relational database, where x varies incrementally from i+2 to j;

iteratively determining a set M_x of DML scripts that when executed will upgrade DML objects from version i of the relational database to version x of the relational database, where x varies incrementally from i+1 to j, and where:

$$\mathsf{M}_{\mathit{H}1} = \mathsf{P}_{\mathit{H}1}$$

$$M_{H2} = [M_{H1} | P_{H2}] - N_{H2}$$

$$M_{H3} = [M_{H2} [] P_{H3}] - N_{H3}$$

...

$$M_j = [M_{j+1} \bigcup P_j] - N_{ji}$$
 and

determining set $E = M_{j}$.

17. (Original) The method as recited in claim 13 wherein the determining a set C comprises:

determining a set E of DML scripts that when executed:

perform alters of DML objects associated with version j and version j of the relational database, but that differ between version j of the relational database; and

perform creates of DML objects that are associated with version *j* of the relational database but that are not associated with version *i* of the relational database;

determining a set F_j of DML scripts that when executed, create DML objects associated with version j of the relational database; and

determining set C as the intersection of set E and set F_j (C = E \cap F_j).

18. (Original) The method as recited in claim 17 wherein the determining a set F_J comprises:

extracting a set M_1 comprising one or more filenames from metadata associated with a first version in the sequence, the one or more filenames associated with a file comprising a data manipulation language (DML) script associated with the first version;

iteratively extracting a set M_x comprising zero or more filenames from metadata associated with version x of the relational database, the zero or more

filenames each associated with a file comprising a DML script to be executed to add or modify a DML object when upgrading from version x-1 of the relational database to version x of the relational database, where x varies incrementally from 2 to \dot{r} ;

iteratively extracting a set B_x comprising zero or more filenames from metadata associated with version x of the relational database, the zero or more filenames each associated with a file comprising a DML drop script to be executed to drop a DML object when upgrading from version x-1 of the relational database to version x of the relational database, where x varies incrementally from 2 to f; and

determining the set F, by determining:

$$\mathsf{F}_2 = [\mathsf{M}_1 \bigcup \mathsf{M}_2] - \mathsf{B}_2,$$

$$F_3 = [F_2 | M_3] - B_3$$

$$F_4 = [F_3 \bigcup M_4] - B_4$$

$$\mathsf{F}_j = [\mathsf{F}_{j\cdot 1} \ \bigcup \ \mathsf{M}_j] \ - \ \mathsf{B}_{j\cdot}$$

19. (Original) The method as recited in claim 13 wherein the determining a set D comprises:

determining a set E of DML scripts that when executed:

perform alters of DML objects associated with version j and version j of the relational database, but that differ between version j of the relational database; and

perform creates of DML objects that are associated with version j of the relational database but that are not associated with version j of the relational database;

iteratively determining a set F_x of DML scripts that when executed, drop DML objects associated with version x:1 of the relational database that are not associated with version x of the relational database, where x varies incrementally from i+1 to j;

determining a set G as the union of sets F_{ii} , F_{i+1} , F_{i+2} , ..., F_{j} (G = F_{j} \bigcup F_{i+1} \bigcup ... \bigcup F_{i+2}); and

determining set D as the difference between set G and set E (D = G - E).



20. (Currently Amended) A system comprising:

a processor;

a memory;

one or more data definition language (DDL) scripts, each associated with

one or more versions of a relational database;

one or more data manipulation language (DML) scripts, each associated

with one or more versions of the relational database;

a database schema version management structure definition:

schema data associated with multiple versions of the relational database,

the schema data organized according to the database schema version

management structure definition; and

an installation file generator configured stored in the memory and

 $\underline{\text{executed on the processor}}_{\text{to}}$ to apply laws of set theory to the schema data to

generate a file comprising the one or more DDL scripts associated with a

particular one of the multiple versions of the relational database, and the one or

more DML scripts associated with the particular one of the multiple versions of

the relational database.

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21. (Original) The system as recited in claim 20 wherein the database schema version management structure definition comprises an XML schema definition.

22. (Original) The system as recited in claim 21 wherein the schema data is maintained in an XML file structured according to the XML schema definition.

23. (Currently Amended) A system comprising:

A a memory;

A-a processor; and

a database schema version management system stored in the memory, and executed on the processor, and configured to:

manage schema data associated with multiple versions of a relational database; and

generate an installation file associated with any one of the multiple versions of the relational database.



24. (Original) The system as recited in claim 23 wherein the schema data identifies a script associated with a data definition language object of the relational database.

25. (Original) The system as recited in claim 23 wherein the schema data identifies a script associated with a data manipulation language object of the relational database.

26. (Original) The system as recited in claim 23 wherein the database schema version management system is further configured to generate an installation file associated with an initial version of the relational database.

27. (Original) The system as recited in claim 23 wherein the database schema version management system is further configured to generate an installation file associated with a non-initial version of the relational database.

28. (Currently Amended) The system as recited in claim 23 wherein the database schema version management system is further configured to generate an upgrade file for upgrading a—first—one_version of the relational database to another version of the relational database.

29. (Currently Amended) One or more computer-readable media comprising computer-readable instructions recorded thereon, which, when executed, cause a computer system to:

maintain schema data that identifies scripts associated with database objects of multiple sequential versions of a relational database; and

generate an installation file associated with an initial version of the relational database by applying laws of set theory to the schema data to identify scripts associated with the database objects of the initial version of the relational database.

30. (Currently Amended) The one or more computer-readable media as recited in claim 29, further comprising computer-readable instructions recorded thereon, which, when executed, cause a computer system to:

generate an installation file associated with a non-initial version of the relational database by applying laws of set theory to the schema data to identify:

scripts associated with data definition language (DDL) objects that are associated with the non-initial version of the relational database; and scripts associated with data manipulation language (DML) objects that are associated with the non-initial version of the relational database.

31. (Currently Amended) The one or more computer-readable media as recited in claim 29, further comprising computer-readable instructions

recorded thereon, which, when executed, cause a computer system to:

generate an upgrade file associated with an upgrade from a first, but not

necessarily initial, version of the relational database to a second, later, but not

necessarily immediately sequential, version of the relational database by applying

laws of set theory to the schema data to identify:

data definition language (DDL) scripts associated with DDL objects

of the $\underline{\text{relational}}$ database that have been created or modified between the

first and second versions of the relational database;

data manipulation language (DML) scripts associated with DML

objects of the <u>relational</u> database that have been created between the first

and second versions of the relational database;

DML scripts associated with DML objects of the relational database

that have been modified between the first and second versions of the

relational database; and

drop scripts associated with database objects that have been

dropped and not re-created between the first and second versions of the

relational database.

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